

Printing date 12.04.2024 Version: 3.00 (replaces version 2.00) Revision: 18.08.2021

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: SONAX Rim Cleaner acidic Concentrate

Article number:

06516000, 06517050, 06519000 **UFI:** SWE3-A03K-X00C-DE2K

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Application of the substance / the mixture

Cleaning material/ Detergent

Professional uses

Uses advised against There is currently no information available on this.

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier:

SONAX GmbH Münchener Straße 75 D-86633 Neuburg (Donau) Tel.: ++49 (0)8431/53-0

# Further information obtainable from:

Product safety

E-mail: erp@sonax.de

Phone: + +49 (0) 8431 53 217

United Kingdom:

Anglo American Oil Company Ltd

58 Holton Road, Holton Heath Trading Park, Poole, Dorset, BH16 6LT

Telephone: (+44) 01929 551557

Email: info@aaoil.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number:

European Union: +49 (0) 89 19240 (Poison Centre Munich)

United Kingdom: 0344 892 0111 (UK NPIS)

Members of Public in England, Scotland and Wales can contact NHS 111/NHS 24 by dialling 111

In Northern Ireland, contact your local GP

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Met. Corr.1 H290 May be corrosive to metals.

Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

## 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

Hazard pictograms



GHS05

# Signal word Danger

# Hazard-determining components of labelling:

phosphoric acid L-(+)-lactic acid

hydrochloric acid

# Hazard statements

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

## Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

(Contd. on page 2)



Printing date 12.04.2024 Version: 3.00 (replaces version 2.00) Revision: 18.08.2021

(Contd. of page 1)

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

## 2.3 Other hazards

## Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### PBT:

According to information provided in the supply chain, the mix contains less than 0.1% of any substances classified as PBT

#### vPvB:

According to information provided in the supply chain, the mix contains less than 0.1% of any substances classified as vPvB.

# Determination of endocrine-disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to UK REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures

Description: aqueous tenside solution with acids

CAS: 7664-38-2	phosphoric acid	15-<20
EINECS: 231-633-2	Met. Corr.1, H290; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318;	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119485924-24-xxxx	1 Acute Tox. 4, H302	
	Špecific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1B; H314: C ≥ 25 %	
	Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 10 % ≤ C < 25	
	%	
	Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 10 % ≤ C < 25 %	
CAS: 69011-36-5	isotridecanol,ethoxylated (>5-20EO)	5-<10
EC No 931-138-8	\leftrightarrow Eye Dam. 1, H318; 🗘 Acute Tox. 4, H302	
	Specific concentration limits: Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 10 %	
	Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 1 % ≤ C < 10 %	
CAS: 7647-01-0	hydrochloric acid	5-<10
EINECS: 231-595-7	Met. Corr.1, H290; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318;	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119484862-27-xxxx	♦ STOT SE 3, H335	
	Specific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1B; H314: C ≥ 25 %	
	Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 10 % ≤ C < 25	
	%	
	Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 10 % ≤ C < 25 %	
	STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 10 %	
CAS: 79-33-4	L-(+)-lactic acid	3-<59
EINECS: 201-196-2	🔗 Śkin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318, EUH071	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119474164-39-xxxx		
CAS: 15763-76-5	sodium-p-cumene sulphonate	1-<39
EINECS: 239-854-6	Alternative CAS numbers: 28348-53-0, 32073-22-6	
Reg.nr.: 01-2119489411-37-xxxx		

Regulation (EC) No 646/2004 on detergents / Labelling for contents	
non-ionic surfactants	≥5 - <15%
cationic surfactants	<5%
Additional informations Foother wordings of the listed beautiful above as affords a set of AC	•

Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

## General information:

Take affected persons out of danger area and lay down. Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

(Contd. on page 3)



Printing date 12.04.2024 Version: 3.00 (replaces version 2.00) Revision: 18.08.2021

(Contd. of page 2)

#### After inhalation:

Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm. Consult doctor if symptoms persist.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

### After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Seek immediate medical advice.

## After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water.

Seek immediate medical advice.

### After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye irritation / Eye damage

Caustic effect on skin and mucous membranes.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment in accordance with the doctor's assessment of the patient's condition. Symptomatic treatment.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents: Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Hydrogen chloride (HCI)

Phosphorus oxides (e.g. P2O5)

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

### Protective equipment:

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

Wear fully protective suit.

Do not enter the hazardous area without a self-contained breathing apparatus.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

### Additional information

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** Ensure adequate ventilation For non-emergency personnel

Wear protective clothing.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

For emergency responders Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to penetrate the ground/soil.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

When diluting always pour product into water and not vice versa.

(Contd. on page 4)



Printing date 12.04.2024 Version: 3.00 (replaces version 2.00) Revision: 18.08.2021

(Contd. of page 3)

Information about fire - and explosion protection: The product is not flammable.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Provide acid-resistant floor.

Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from metals.

Observe local/state/federal regulations.

Further information about storage conditions:

Store receptacle in a well ventilated area.

Keep container tightly sealed.

Protect from frost.

Recommended storage temperature: 20 °C.

7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:		
CAS: 7664-38-2 phosphoric acid		
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 2 mg/m³ Long-term value: 1 mg/m³	
IOELV (EU)	Short-term value: 2 mg/m³ Long-term value: 1 mg/m³	
OEL (Ireland)	Short-term value: 2 mg/m³ Long-term value: 1 mg/m³ IOELV	
CAS: 7647-01-0 hyd	CAS: 7647-01-0 hydrochloric acid	
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 8 mg/m³, 5 ppm Long-term value: 2 mg/m³, 1 ppm (gas and aerosol mists)	
IOELV (EU)	Short-term value: 15 mg/m³, 10 ppm Long-term value: 8 mg/m³, 5 ppm	
OEL (Ireland)	Short-term value: 15 mg/m³, 10 ppm Long-term value: 8 mg/m³, 5 ppm IOELV	

# Regulatory information

WEL (Great Britain): EH40/2020 IOELV (EU): (EU) 2019/1831

OEL (Ireland): 2020 CoP for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work

CAS: 7664-38-2 phosphoric acid			
Inhalative DNEL 10.7 mg/m³ (worker) (longterm systematic effects)			
CAS: 7647-01-0 hydrochloric acid			
Inhalative	DNEL	8 mg/m³ (consumer) (chronic locale effects)	
		15 mg/m³ (worker) (chronic locale effects)	
CAS: 15763-76-5 sodium-p-cumene sulphonate			
Oral	DNEL	3.8 mg/kg bw/day (consumer) (longterm systematic effects)	
Dermal	DNEL	3.8 mg/kg bw/day (consumer) (longterm systematic effects)	
		7.6 mg/kg bw/day (worker) (longterm systematic effects)	
Inhalative	DNEL	13.2 mg/m³ (consumer) (longterm systematic effects)	
		53.6 mg/m³ (worker) (longterm systematic effects)	

AS: 7647-01-0 hydrochloric acid

PNEC | 45 μg/l (sporadic release)

36 µg/l (STP)

(Contd. on page 5)



Printing date 12.04.2024 Version: 3.00 (replaces version 2.00) Revision: 18.08.2021

(Contd. of page 4)

36 μg/l (freshwater (Süßwasser)) 36 µg/l (water (sea water))

CAS: 79-33-4 L-(+)-lactic acid

PNEC 10 mg/l (STP) 1.3 mg/l (water)

Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

## Suitable technical control devices

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by localised extraction or general ventilation. If this is not sufficient to keep the concentration below the occupational exposure limit, suitable breathing protection is to be worn.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

### General protective and hygienic measures:

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

# Respiratory protection:

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

If the occupational exposure limit is exceeded:

The following breathing protection is recommended:

Filter P2

[DIN EN 14387]

## Hand protection Protective gloves

# Material of gloves

Chloroprene rubber, CR

Recommended thickness of the material: ≥ 0.65 mm

IEN 3741

### Penetration time of glove material

Value for the permeation: Level 6 (≥480min)

The determined penetration times according to EN 16523-1:2015 are not performed under practical conditions. Therefore a maximum wearing time, which corresponds to 50% of the penetration time, is recommended.

## Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

Body protection: Acid resistant protective clothing

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Information

Physical state Fluid Colour: Light yellow Slightly stinging Odour: Undetermined.

Melting point/freezing point:

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

≥100 °C (CAS: 7732-18-5 water) range **Flammability** Product is not flammable.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Not determined. Lower: Upper: Not determined. Flash point: Not applicable. Decomposition temperature: Not determined. -1.0 - 0

pH at 20 °C Viscosity:

Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C <20.5 mm²/s

(Contd. on page 6)



Printing date 12.04.2024 Version: 3.00 (replaces version 2.00) Revision: 18.08.2021

(Contd. of page 5)

Solubility

water: Fully miscible.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Not determined.

Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 23 hPa (CAS: 7732-18-5 water)

Density and/or relative density

**Density at 20 °C:**1.13-1.14 g/cm³
Vapour density
Not determined.

9.2 Other information No further relevant information available.

Appearance:

Form: Fluid

Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety.

**Ignition temperature:** Product is not selfigniting.

**Explosive properties:** Product does not present an explosion hazard.

Change in condition

**Evaporation rate** Not determined.

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

**Explosives** Void Flammable gases Void Aerosols Void Oxidising gases Void Gases under pressure Void Flammable liquids Void Flammable solids Void Self-reactive substances and mixtures Void Pyrophoric liquids Void Pyrophoric solids Void Self-heating substances and mixtures Void Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water Void

gases in contact with water Void
Oxidising liquids Void
Oxidising solids Void
Organic peroxides Void

Corrosive to metals

May be corrosive to metals.

Desensitised explosives Void

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity No dangerous reactions known.

10.2 Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

When diluting, always add acid to water, never vice versa.

Reacts with alkali and metals.

10.4 Conditions to avoid See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Store away from metals.

caustic solutions

strong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Corrosive gases/vapours

Hydrogen chloride (HCI)

Phosphorus oxides (e.g. P2O5)

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(Contd. on page 7)



Printing date 12.04.2024 Version: 3.00 (replaces version 2.00) Revision: 18.08.2021

(Contd. of page 6) LD/LC50 values relevant for classification: CAS: 7664-38-2 phosphoric acid LD50 2,740 mg/kg (rabbit) Dermal CAS: 69011-36-5 isotridecanol, ethoxylated (>5-20EO) Oral LD50 >300-2,000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 423) ATE >300-2,000 mg/kg (rat) CAS: 79-33-4 L-(+)-lactic acid Oral LD50 3,543 mg/kg (rate (female)) 4,936 mg/kg (rat (male)) Dermal LD50 >2,000 mg/kg (rabbit) Inhalative LC50 >7.94 mg/l (rat (male)) LC50 / 4h 7.94 mg/l (rat (male)) CAS: 15763-76-5 sodium-p-cumene sulphonate Oral LD50 >7,000 mg/kg (rat) LD50 Dermal 2,000 mg/kg (rat) Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage. Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Additional toxicological information: Repeated dose toxicity CAS: 15763-76-5 sodium-p-cumene sulphonate Oral NOAEL >936 mg/kg (rat) NOAEL 90-92d >440 mg/kg/d (OECD 411 Subcronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-day Stucy) 11.2 Information on other hazards Endocrine disrupting properties According to the current state of scientific knowledge, there is no data for the product regarding endocrine

disrupting properties with health effects.

None of the ingredients is listed.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity There are no ecotoxicological data available on this mixture.

Aquatic toxicity:	
CAS: 7664-38-2 phosphoric acid	
LC50 / 96h	3-3.25 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus)
EC50 / 48h	>100 mg/l (Daphnia magna)
EC50 / 72h	>100 mg/l (Desmodesmus subspicatus)
CAS: 7647-01-0 hydrochloric acid	
LC50 / 96h	11.5-20.4 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus)
LC50 / 48h	240-260 mg/l (Invertebrates)
EC50 / 48h	0.45 mg/l (fish)
	0.23 mg/l (bacteria)
ErC 50 / 72h	0.73 mg/l (Chlorella vulgaris)

(Contd. on page 8)



Printing date 12.04.2024 Version: 3.00 (replaces version 2.00) Revision: 18.08.2021

	(Contd. of page 7	
CAS: 79-33-4	CAS: 79-33-4 L-(+)-lactic acid	
LC50 / 96h	LC50 / 96h   130 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
	320 mg/l (Danio rerio)	
EC50/3h	>88.2 mg/l (activated sludge)	
EC50 / 48h	130 mg/l (Daphnia magna)	
EL0 / 72h	3,500 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	
CAS: 15763-	CAS: 15763-76-5 sodium-p-cumene sulphonate	
LC50 / 96h	>1,000 mg/l (fish) (EPA OPPTS EPA OTS 797)	
EC50/3h	>1,000 mg/l (bacteria) (OECD 209)	
EC50 / 48h	EC50 / 48h >1,000 mg/l (Daphnia magna) (EPA OPPTS EPA OTS 797)	
	>100 mg/l (daphnia) (OECD 202)	
EC50 / 96 h	>230 mg/l (algae) (EPA OPPTS EPA OTS 797)	
NOEC 96h	31 mg/l (algae) (EPA OPPTS)	

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

The surface-active substances contained in the product meet the requirement of the EU Detregent Regulation (EC/648/2004) for ultimate biodegradability for surfactants in detergents.

## CAS: 15763-76-5 sodium-p-cumene sulphonate

Biodegradation 60-100 % (OECD 301 B Ready Biodegradability -. CO2 Evolution)

- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### PBT:

According to information provided in the supply chain, the mix conatins less than 0.1% of any substances classified as PBT

#### vPvB:

According to information provided in the supply chain, the mix conatins less than 0.1% of any substances classified as vPvB

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

According to the current state of scientific knowledge, there is no data for the product regarding endocrine disrupting properties with effects on the environment.

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

# Additional ecological information:

# General notes:

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. The product does not contain organically bounded halogens (AOX-free).

The product does not contain organic complexing agents.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste classified as hazardous according to Annex III to Directive 2008/98/EC.

Recommendation Waste must be disposed of while observing the local, official regulations.

## European waste catalogue

- 1) Disposal / product
- 2) Disposal / contaminated packaging

20 01 29*	detergents containing hazardous substances
HP8	Corrosive

## Uncleaned packaging:

15 01 10\*: packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

# Recommendation:

Packaging may be reused or recycled after cleaning.

15 01 02: plastic packaging

Recommended cleansing agents: Water

GB



Printing date 12.04.2024 Version: 3.00 (replaces version 2.00) Revision: 18.08.2021

(Contd. of page 8)

14.1 UN number or ID number ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA	UN3264
14.2 UN proper shipping name ADR/RID/ADN IMDG, IATA	3264 CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (PHOSPHORIC ACID, HYDROCHLORIC ACID CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (PHOSPHORIC ACID, HYDROCHLORIC ACID)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR/RID/ADN	
Class Label	8 (C1) Corrosive substances.
IMDG, IATA	<del>-</del>
Class	8 Corrosive substances.
Label	8
14.4 Packing group ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA	II .
14.5 Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant:	No
14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Corrosive substances.
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk accordininstruments	ng to IMO Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	
ADR/RID/ADN Limited quantities (LQ) Transport category Tunnel restriction code	1L 2 E
UN "Model Regulation":	UN 3264 CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC N.O.S. (PHOSPHORIC ACID, HYDROCHLORIC ACID 8, II

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture European Directives:

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC) 10.00 %

Catégorie SEVESO (DIRECTIVE 2012/18/EU) not subject to

**REGULATION (EU) 2019/1148** 

Annex I - RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing under Article 5(3))

None of the ingredients is listed.

Annex II - REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS

None of the ingredients is listed.

(Contd. on page 10)



Printing date 12.04.2024 Version: 3.00 (replaces version 2.00) Revision: 18.08.2021

(Contd. of page 9)

## National regulations:

## Information about limitation of use:

Employment restrictions concerning juveniles must be observed.

Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be observed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

## Relevant phrases

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eve damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Classification according to	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
Corrosive to metals	Bridging principles	
	The classification of the mixture is generally based on the calculation method using substance data according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.	

### Date of previous version: 22.04.2021 Version number of previous version: 2.00

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the

International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

DGR: Przepisy dotyczące towarów niebezpiecznych - Dangerous Goods Regulations by IATA ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organisation" (ICAO)

NOEL = No Observed Effect Level

NOEC = No Observed Effect Concentration

LC = letal Concentration

EC50 = half maximal effective concentration

log POW = Octanol / water partition coefficient GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

ATE: acute toxicity estimate

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

IOELV = indicative occupational exposure limit values

Met. Corr.1: Corrosive to metals - Category 1

Net.: Corn.: A Confosive of Intelais - Category 4
Skin Corr.: 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1B
Skin Corr.: 1C: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1C
Eye Dam.: 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

\* Data compared to the previous version altered.