Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SAFETY DATA SHEET

MOBIL 1 ESP X4 0W-40

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

: MOBIL 1 ESP X4 0W-40
: synthetic base stocks and additives
of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
: Engine oil
: This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than the Identified Uses above.
the safety data sheet
: ExxonMobil Petroleum & Chemical BV
POLDERDIJKWEG Antwerpen B-2030 Belgium
: (UK) 0800 028 2851
: SDS-DS@exxonmobil.com
: www.sds.exxonmobil.com
umber
: (UK) 111
: +44 20 3807 3798 / +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)
F

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Not classified.

The product is not classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word Hazard statements <u>Precautionary statements</u>	No signal word.No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.

ExyonMobil

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

	-	
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction. Safety data sheet available on request.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	None.
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.
Nota	:	This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
distillates, heavy, c18-50 -	REACH #:	≥25 - ≤50	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
branched, cyclic and linear	01-0000020163-82			
	EC: 482-220-0			
	CAS: 848301-69-9			
1-decene, homopolymer	UK (GB) REACH #: UK-	≥10 - ≤25	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
nydrogenated	01-6792707540-7			
, ,	REACH #:			
	01-2119486452-34			
	EC: 500-183-1			
	CAS: 68037-01-4			
distillates (petroleum),	UK (GB) REACH #: UK-	≤5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	01-1759217276-5			
	REACH #:			
	01-2119484627-25			
	EC: 265-157-1			
	CAS: 64742-54-7			
lubricating oils (petroleum), c15-30,	REACH #:	≤5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
hydrotreated neutral oil-based	01-2119474878-16			
	EC: 276-737-9			
	CAS: 72623-86-0			
ubricating oils (petroleum), c20-50,	REACH #:	≤5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
nydrotreated neutral oil-based	01-2119474889-13			
	EC: 276-738-4			
	CAS: 72623-87-1			
maleic anhydride	UK (GB) REACH #: UK-	<0.001	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1] [2]
	01-3403519668-1		Skin Corr. 1B, H314	
	REACH #:		Eye Dam. 1, H318	
	01-2119472428-31		Resp. Sens. 1, H334	
	EC: 203-571-6		Skin Sens. 1A, H317	

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

CAS: 108-31-6	STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory tract) EUH071
	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Note: Any entry in the EC# column that begins with the number "9" is a Provisional List Number provided by ECHA pending publication of the official EC Inventory Number for the substance. See Section 15 for additional CAS number information for the substance.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Drotaction of first siders	. No estimate all he taken involving any negotial vials as without switchle training

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

: No specific data.				
: No specific data.				
 Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours after injection. 				
: No specific data.				
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed				
 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 				

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

•		
5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	ron	n the substance or mixture
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, sulfur oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Assure an extended cooling down period to prevent re- ignition. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	СО	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants. Warn other shipping. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

MOBIL 1 ESP X4 0W-40

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

6.4 Reference to other	÷	See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
sections		See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
		See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with used product.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Static Accumulator	: This material is a static accumulator. A liquid is typically considered a nonconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m (100x10E-12 Siemens per meter) and is considered a semiconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m. Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same. A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, anti-static additives and filtration can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

2024

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values				
1-decene, homopolymer hydrogenated	ExxonMobil (COMPANY)				
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form	n: Aerosols (thoracic fraction).			
1-decene, homopolymer hydrogenated	ExxonMobil (COMPANY)				
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form	1: Aerosols (thoracic fraction).			
1-dodecene, polymer with 1-decene,	ExxonMobil (COMPANY)				
hydrogenated	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Aerosols (thoracic fraction).				
1-decene, polymer with 1-octene and	ExxonMobil (COMPANY)				
1-dodecene, hydrogenated	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form	1: Aerosols (thoracic fraction).			
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined]				
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form	n: Inhalable fraction.			
ate of issue/Date of revision : 9 August	Date of previous issue : 24 Jun	e 2024 Version : 0.05 5/1			

MOBIL 1 ESP X4 0W-40

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

•	•
lubricating oils (petroleum), c15-30,	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly
hydrotreated neutral oil-based	and severely refined]
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction.
distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly
paraffinic	and severely refined]
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction.
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly
paraffinic	and severely refined]
	TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction.
maleic anhydride	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Inhalation
	sensitiser.
	STEL 15 minutes: 3 mg/m ³ .
	TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m ³ .
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) Skin sensitiser, Inhalation
	sensitiser.
	TWA 8 hours: 0.01 mg/m ³ . Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor.
	ExxonMobil (COMPANY) Sensitization potential.
	TWA 8 hours: 0.025 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 0.09 mg/m ³ .

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres -Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation	1.2 mg/m ³ 5.4 mg/m ³	General population Workers	Local Local

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	, , ,	9.33 mg / kg (food)	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	<u>s</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
	CEN standards EN 420 and EN 374 provide general requirements and lists of glove types.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	European Committee for Standardization (CEN) standards EN 136, 140 and 405 provide respirator masks and EN 149 and 143 provide filter recommendations.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Brown
Odour	: Characteristic
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	: >315.56°C (>600°F)
Flash point	: Open cup: 230°C (446°F) [ASTM D-92]
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	: Ignitable
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.9% Upper: 7%
Vapour pressure	: <0.1 mm Hg [20 °C]
Relative vapour density	: >2 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.846 [ASTM D4052]
Solubility in water	: Negligible

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: >3.5	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
Viscosity	: 72 cSt [40 °C] [ASTM D 445] 13.9 cSt [100 °C] [ASTM D 445]	
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	: Not applicable.	
Pour point	: -40°C [ASTM D97]	
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		

	j
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: High energy sources of ignition. Excessive heat.
10.5 Incompatible materials	s : Strong oxidisers
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Duration
maleic anhydride	LD50 Oral	Rat	1090 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary				
Inhalation	: Minimally Toxic. No end point components.	data for materia	al. Based on asse	ssment of the
Dermal	: Minimally Toxic. No end point components.	data for materia	al. Based on asse	ssment of the
Oral	: Minimally Toxic. No end point components.	data for materia	al. Based on asse	ssment of the

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
maleic anhydride	1090	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin

: Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

SECTION IT. TOXIC	ological information		
Eyes	: May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.		
Respiratory	 Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures. No end point data for material. 		
Respiratory or skin sensit	tization		
Conclusion/Summary			
Skin	: Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.		
Respiratory <u>Mutagenicity</u>	: Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. No end point data for material.		
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.		
Carcinogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to cause cancer. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.		
Reproductive toxicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.		
Specific target organ toxi	<u>city (single exposure)</u>		
Not available.			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. No end point data for material.		
Specific target organ toxi	<u>city (repeated exposure)</u>		
MOBIL 1 ESP X4 0W-40	Not applicable.		
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.		
Aspiration hazard Not available.			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physico-chemical properties of the material. Data available.		
Information on likely routes of exposure	s : Not available.		
Other information			
Contains	 Synthetic base oils: Not expected to cause significant health effects under conditions of normal use, based on laboratory studies with the same or similar materials. Not mutagenic or genotoxic. Not sensitising in test animals and humans. Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene (substituted DPA): Results from a supplier's extended one-generation dietary study with 10-week pre-mating administration of substituted DPA included decreased body weight and body weight gains in parental females during gestation and lactation, decreased number of implantation sites and decreased mean litter size. A 		
	representative formulation containing substituted DPA was tested in a rat oral gavage reproductive/developmental toxicity screening study (OECD TG 421) with a 10-week pre-mating administration period. Study results included decreased body weight and body weight gain starting in pre-mating and continuing through gestation and lactation in parental females, decreased number of implantation sites and decreasing trend in litter size. A 5 wt% classification threshold for the reproductive effects of substituted DPA was derived based on the NOAEL (50 mg/kg/day) and is consistent with the NOAEL in the supplier's study.		

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product

: Diesel engine oils: Not carcinogenic in animals tests. Used and unused diesel engine oils did not produce any carcinogenic effects in chronic mouse skin painting studies. Oils that are used in gasoline engines may become hazardous and display the following properties: Carcinogenic in animal tests. Caused mutations in vitro. Possible allergen and photoallergen. Contains polycyclic aromatic compounds (PAC) from combustion products of gasoline and/or thermal degradation products.

Section 12. Ecological information

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

12.1 Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

Acute toxicity

- : Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.
- **Chronic toxicity** : Not expected to demonstrate chronic toxicity to aquatic organisms

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not determined.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not determined.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility

: Base oil component -- Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids. Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Hazardous waste : Yes.

Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation
13 02 06* synthetic engine, gear and lubricating oils	

NOTE: These codes are assigned based upon the most common uses for this material and may not reflect contaminants resulting from actual use. Waste producers need to assess the actual process used when generating the waste and its contaminants in order to assign the proper waste disposal code(s).

Packaging

Date of issue/Date of revision

MOBIL 1 ESP X4 0W-40

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

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Methods of disposal
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: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Special precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	_			
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

14.6 Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : None. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name		Name on list	t	Classification	Notes	5	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV		Mineral Oil, p highly and se refined		A4	-		
lubricating oils (petroleum), c15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	ACGIH TLV		Mineral Oil, p highly and se refined		A4	-		
distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV		Mineral Oil, p highly and se refined		A4	-		
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV		Mineral Oil, p highly and se refined		A4	-		
maleic anhydride	ACGIH TLV		-		A4	-		
EU regulations	•		•		•	I		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed							
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed							
Inventory list								
Australia inventory (AIIC)		: All co	mponents are	listed or e	xempted.			
Canada inventory (DSL-NDS	∟)	: All co	mponents are	listed or e	xempted.			
China inventory (IECSC)		: Restri	ctions Apply					
Japan inventory (CSCL)		: All co	mponents are	listed or e	xempted.			
Japan inventory (Industrial Sa Health Act)	afety and	: All co	mponents are	listed or e	xempted.			
New Zealand Inventory of Cho (NZIoC)	emicals	: All co	mponents are	listed or e	xempted.			
Philippines inventory (PICCS))	: At lea	st one compor	nent is not	listed.			
Korea inventory (KECI)		: All co	mponents are	listed or e	xempted.			
Taiwan Chemical Substances (TCSI)	Inventory	: All co	mponents are	listed or e	xempted.			
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

: All components are active or exempted.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates informati	on that has changed from previously issued version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Not classified.

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
Date of issue/ Date of	: 9 August 2024

revision	. 9 August 2024
Date of previous issue	: 24 June 2024
Version	: 0.05
Product code	: 2015101010K4_P000002347

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