SAFETY DATA SHEET



(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name: C2+ CHAIN LUBE ROAD +

Product code: 23400

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Motorcycle chain lubricant

₹

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: MOTUL

Address: 119, Boulevard Felix Faure. 93300 AUBERVILLIERS CEDEX FRANCE

Telephone: 33.1.48.11.70.00. Fax: 33.1.48.33.28.79. Telex: .

Email: motul_hse@motul.fr



1.4. Emergency telephone number : +44 (0) 1235 239 670.

Association/Organisation: ORFILA.



Other emergency numbers

BRAZIL: +55 11 3197 5891 / COLOMBIA: +57 601 508 7337 / ARGENTINA: +54 11 5984 3690 / CHILE: +562 2582 9336

UNITED STATES: 001 866 928 0789 / CANADA: 001 800 579 7421 / MEXICO: +52 55 5004 8763 / MIDDLE EAST - AFRICA: +44 1235

239671

Ireland: +353 1 8092566 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture



In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Aerosol, Category 1 (Aerosol 1, H222 - H229).

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 (Asp. Tox. 1, H304).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 3 (Aquatic Chronic 3, H412).

The propellant gas is taken into account when determining the health and environmental classification of the mixture.

2.2. Label elements

Mixture for aerosol application.



In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :







GHS08

GHS02

GHS07

Signal Word : DANGER

Product identifiers:

EC 265-151-9 NAPHTA LÉGER (PÉTROLE), HYDROTRAITÉ

Hazard statements :

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements - General:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statements - Response :

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Precautionary statements - Storage :

P405 Store locked up.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Precautionary statements - Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to prefectural ordinances.



2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain substances> = 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures



Composition :

Composition :			
Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 106-97-8	GHS02	[1]	25 <= x % < 50
EC: 203-448-7	Dgr	[7]	
REACH: 01-2119474691-32	Flam. Gas 1, H220		
	Press. Gas, H280		
BUTANE			
CAS: 64742-49-0	GHS07, GHS09, GHS08, GHS02		10 <= x % < 25
EC: 265-151-9	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119475515-33	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
NAPHTA LÉGER (PÉTROLE),	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
HYDROTRAITÉ	STOT SE 3, H336		
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
CAS: 74-98-6	GHS02	[1]	10 <= x % < 25
EC: 200-827-9	Dgr	[7]	
REACH: 01-2119475515-33	Flam. Gas 1, H220		
	Press. Gas, H280		
PROPANE			
CAS: 75-28-5	GHS02	[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10
EC: 200-857-2	Dgr	[7]	
REACH: 01-2119485395-27	Flam. Gas 1, H220		
	Press. Gas, H280		
ISOBUTANE			
CAS: 109-87-5	GHS02	[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10
EC: 203-714-2	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119664781-31	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
DIMETHOXYMETHANE			
formation on ingradiants :			



Information on ingredients:

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

- [1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.
- [7] Propellant gas

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.



4.1. description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation:

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

Apply resuscitation techniques. Prolonged clinical monitoring may be necessary.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.



In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital. Immediately remove all soiled clothing.

In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

If swallowed accidentally, do not allow to drink, do not induce vomiting and transfer to hospital immediately by ambulance. Show the label to the doctor

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

Spilled product may make surfaces slippery.

For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

In case of accidental release neutralize with sand or inert material

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.



7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Spray in short bursts, without prolonged spraying.

Follow standard health and safety rules on account of flammability.

Do not swallow

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Never inhale this mixture.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges by bonding and grounding equipment.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Avoid inhaling vapors.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Ensure good ventilation at the workplace

Keep in original container. Do not pierce of burn, even after usage.

Storage and handling instructions applicable to pressurised gases.

Prohibited equipment and procedures:

Never open the packages under pressure.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour, spray.

Avoid high temperatures

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

No data available.

Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from food and drink, including those for animals.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters



Occupational exposure limits:

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
106-97-8	1000 ppm				
74-98-6	1000 ppm				
75-28-5	1000 ppm				
109-87-5	1000 ppm				

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 02/2022) :

Commany NOW (Briant Trees 500, 52/2522).							
CAS	VME:	VME :	Excess	Notes			
106-97-8		1990 ppm		4(II)			
		2400 mg/m ³					
74-98-6		1000 ppm		4(II)			
		1800 mg/m ³					
		1000 ppm		4(II)			
		2400 mg/m ³					
109-87-5		500 ppm		2(II)			
75 20 5			1600 mg/m³				

- France (INRS - Outils 65 / 2021-1849, 2021-1763, decree of 09/12/2021):

,		,	,				
CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes :	TMP No:	
106-97-8	800	1900	-	/ -	-	-	
109-87-5	1000 -	3100		-	_	84	

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, Fourth Edition 2020):

	(- P P						
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria :		
106-97-8	600 ppm	750 ppm		Carc			
	1450 mg/m3	1810 mg/m3	\times				
109-87-5	1000 ppm	1250 ppm					
	3160 mg/m ³	3950 mg/m ³					

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, if possible with extractor fans at work posts and appropriate general extraction.

Personnel shall wear regularly laundered overalls.



Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

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Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.



- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

(-))	,
Glove	0.38 mm
thickness:	
Break-through	> 480 mn
time:	

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact. Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.



- Respiratory protection

Avoid inhaling vapors.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Type of FFP mask:

Wear a disposable half-mask aerosol filter in accordance with standard EN149/A1.

Category:

- FFP1

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387:

- A1 (Brown)

Particle filter according to standard EN143:

- P1 (White)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties



Physical state

Physical state :	Fluid liquid.
	Spray.



Colour

Unspecified



Odour

	Odour threshold:	Not stated.
۵	Melting point	



Melting point/melting range:

Freezing point



Freezing point / Freezing range: Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range :	Not relevant.
Elemmohility	

Not relevant.

Not stated.



Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas): Not stated.



Lower and upper explosion limit

······	
Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%):	0.6 %
Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%):	19.9%



Flash point

Flash point interval: Not relevant.



9.2. Other information

No data available.



9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No data available.



Aerosols

Chemical combustion heat: >= 30 kJ/g.



9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid:

- heating
- heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION



11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

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Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance. Aspiration toxicity includes severe acute effects such as chemical pneumonia, varying degrees of pulmonary injury or death following aspiration.

11.1.1. Substances

Acute toxicity :

NAPHTA LÉGER (PÉTROLE), HYDROTRAITÉ (CAS: 64742-49-0)

Oral route: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Species: Rabbit

Inhalation route (Vapours): LC50 >= 20 mg/l

Species: Rat

Duration of exposure: 4 h

11.1.2. Mixture

Aspiration hazard:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Aspiration toxicity includes severe acute effects such as chemical pneumonia, varying degrees of pulmonary injury or death following aspiration.



11.2. Information on other hazards

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

NAPHTA LÉGER (PÉTROLE), HYDROTRAITÉ (CAS: 64742-49-0)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 11.4 mg/l

Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 3 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

NOEC = 0.17 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 jours

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 100 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure: 72 h

12.1.2. Mixtures

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.2.1. Substances

DIMETHOXYMETHANE (CAS: 109-87-5)

Biodegradability : no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not

degrading quickly.

NAPHTA LÉGER (PÉTROLE), HYDROTRAITÉ (CAS: 64742-49-0)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not

degrading quickly.



12.2.2. Mixtures

Biodegradation: No data on decomposition is available, the mixture is not considered to

decompose rapidly.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Not very mobile in soil.

The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the surface

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.



12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.



12.7. Other adverse effects

Do not dispose of the product in the natural environment, effluents or surface waters.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.



Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

(7)

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2023 - IMDG 2020 [40-20] - ICAO/IATA 2023 [64]).



14.1. UN number or ID number

1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification:



2.

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards



14.6. Special precautions for user

	· ···· oposiai prosautiono to tuos									
ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	1 L	190 327 344 625	E0	2	D
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage Handling	Segregati on	
	2	See SP63	-	See SP277	F-D. S-U	63 190 277 327 344 381 959	E0	- SW1 SW22	SG69	
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	2.1	-	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A145 A167	E0	

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								A802	
	2.1	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A145 A167	E0
								A802	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.



14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture



Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2018/1480 (ATP 13)
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2019/521 (ATP 12)



Container information:

No data available.



Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.



Explosives precursors:

The mixture does not contain any substance subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors.



Particular provisions:

No data available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.



SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions. It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations. The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Abbreviations and acronyms:

LD50: The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50: The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

EC50: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

ECr50: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

NOFC: The concentration with no observed effect.

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

STEL: Short-term exposure limit TWA: Time Weighted Averages

TMP: French Occupational Illness table TLV: Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV: Average Exposure Value.

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02 : Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark GHS08 : Health hazard

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.